

Study Plan

References Cited in This Plan:

- AORN. (current edition). Guidelines for perioperative practice. AORN.
- AORN. (2021). Perioperative nursing: Scope and standards of practice. AORN. https://www.aorn.org/docs/default-source/guidelines-resources/periop-nursing-scope-standards-of-practice.pdf?sfvrsn=c532cdee_1
- Hornacky, A., & Phillips, N. (2024). Berry and Kohn's operating room technique (15th ed.). Elsevier. (Key=B&K)
- Rothrock, J. C. (Ed.). (2023). Alexander's care of the patient in surgery (17th ed.). Elsevier. (Key=Alexander's)
- AORN Position Statements and endorsed documents found at: <u>http://www.aorn.org/guidelines/clinical-resources/position-statements</u>

Additional References/Management Textbooks:

- Huston, C. J. (2024). Leadership roles and management functions in nursing: Theory and application (11th ed.). Wolters Kluwer.
- Kaye, A. D., Urman, R. D., & Fox, C. J. III. (Eds.). (2019). *Operating room leadership and management* (2nd ed.). Cambridge University Press.
- Knighten, M. L. & Waxman, K. T. (Eds.). (2024). *Penner's economics and financial management for nurses and nurse leaders* (4th ed.). Springer Publishing Company.

Disclaimer: This is a guide to assist you in preparing for the CSSM exam. It is not intended to be all inclusive, but rather a guide to assist you in planning your study.



Subject Area 1: Communication & Relationship Management (18%)

Primary General Readings:

• Kaye, A. D., Urman, R. D., & Fox, C. J. III. (Eds.). (2019). Operating room leadership and management (2nd ed.). Cambridge University Press. – Chapters 1, 4, 5, & 6

Knowledge Statements	Tasks	Additional Readings
1. Negotiation techniques (e.g.,	1. Utilize negotiation skills in an	AORN Guideline
win-win, building trust)	interprofessional environment.	Team Communication
2. Emotional intelligence/quotient	2. Establish and foster a collaborative relationship while understanding the differences among the disciplines (e.g., vendors/industry representatives, ancillary, management, and professional staff).	Hornacky, A., & Phillips, N. (2024). Berry and Kohn's operating room technique (15 th ed.). Elsevier. – Chapter 1 The Joint Commission (TJC): <u>TJC</u>
3. Coaching and effective/timely feedback	3. Facilitate teamwork, cooperation, and collaboration amongst all stakeholders throughout the continuum of care.	Riley, J. B. (2023). <i>Communication in nursing</i> (10 th ed.). Elsevier.
4. Listening skills (e.g., active, deep)	4. Evaluate the continuous improvement and effectiveness of relationship management within the perioperative departments (e.g., Central/Sterile Processing and OR) and between departments (e.g., PACU and Nursing Units).	Daft, R. L. (2022). <i>The leadership</i> <i>experience</i> (8 th ed.). Cengage Learning
5. Techniques for conflict and problem resolution (e.g., crucial conversations/confrontations)	5. Communicate organizational mission, vision, values, and goals (e.g., decisions, plans, and activities) in a way that clearly links them to perioperative services.	
6. Verbal and non-verbal communication	6. Foster an environment that promotes openness, trust, and a culture of safety (e.g., debriefing, checklists, hand-off reports).	
7. Computer literacy and etiquette (e.g., use of e-mail, word-processing and spreadsheet software, perioperative informatics and reports)	7. Disseminate relevant information about decisions, plans, and activities to people who need the information.	
8. Team building and relationship management strategies	8. Create an environment that encourages a culture of safety,	



	openness, and trust.
9. Culture of safety (e.g.,	9. Utilize technology and
environment where it is safe to	communication tools effectively,
speak up, just culture, stop the line)	securely, and appropriately (e.g.,
	e-mail, social media, texting/messaging,
	images).
10. Communicating with diverse	
groups (e.g., culture diversity,	
educational level differences,	
generational differences, flattened	
hierarchy)	
11. Mission, vision, values, goals,	
what they represent and how they	
relate to the perioperative	
setting	
12. Organizational culture and	
political forces and how to stakeholder identification	
13. Assessment/evaluation	
techniques (e.g., patient and/or	
family; interprofessional healthcare	
providers)	
14. Customer service (e.g., service	
recovery)	



Subject Area 2: Strategic Management (12%)

Primary General Readings:

• Kaye, A. D., Urman, R. D., & Fox, C. J. III. (Eds.). (2019). *Operating room leadership and management* (2nd ed.). Cambridge University Press. – Chapters 3 & 30

Knowledge Statements	Tasks	Additional Readings	
1. Process improvement	1. Plan, implement and evaluate	The Joint Commission (TJC): <u>TJC</u>	
techniques and tools	process improvement programs		
	(e.g., lean, six-sigma).	DNV: <u>DNV</u>	
2. Elements of a strategic plan	2. Develop and/or participate in a		
(organizational, facility and	perioperative strategic plan (e.g.,	Accreditation Association for	
department level)	growth initiative, capital requirements).	Ambulatory Health Care (AAAHC): AAAHC	
3. SWOT analysis (strengths,	3. Execute and/or manage a		
weaknesses,	physical facility plan (e.g., space,	American Association for	
opportunities, and threats)	equipment storage, throughput).	Accreditation of Ambulatory	
4. Project management techniques	4. Contribute to organizational plan	Surgery Facilities (AAAASF) QUAD	
	for external designations (e.g.,	A: <u>QUAD A</u>	
	Malcolm Baldrige, Centers of		
	Excellence, ANCC Magnet)	Institute of Medicine [IOM]	
5. Capital requirements long-range	5. Perform a gap analysis of perioperative services.	(National Academy of Medicine): NAM	
forecasting 6. Master facility plan	6. Develop action plans based on		
characteristics and requirements	accreditation and regulatory survey	AORN Guideline	
(e.g., FGI, OSHA, CMS)	results.	Product Evaluation	
7. Current and proposed federal	7. Analyze and respond to		
and state legislation and	external factors that impact	Albert, N. M., Pappas, S., Porter-	
regulations (e.g., Affordable Care	perioperative services (e.g., NHSN,	O'Grady, T., & Malloch, K. (2022).	
Act (ACA), Certificate of Need	Affordable Care Act,	Quantum leadership: Creating	
(CON), CMS, scope of practice,	Medicare/Medicaid initiatives,	sustainable value in health care	
FDA)	surgical process measures, public	(6 th edition). Jones and Bartlett	
Q. A seve ditetion requirements	reporting). 8. Contribute to, implement, and	Learning.	
8. Accreditation requirements (e.g., TJC, DNV, AAAHC,	manage organization's decisions	Carroll, R. (series ed.). (2011). Risk	
AAAASF)	related to technology initiatives	management handbook for	
	(e.g., EMR, electronic interfaces).	healthcare organizations. Vol 1	
9. National advisory boards'		(6 th ed.). Jossey-Bass.	
recommendations (e.g., Institute			
of Medicine [IOM], Citizen's		Klainberg, M., & Dirschel, K. M.	
Advisory Council [CAC])		(2010). Today's nursing leader:	
10. How to perform a gap analysis	1	Managing, succeeding, excelling.	



11. How to write an action plan	Jones & Bartlett Publishers.
(e.g., SMART goals)	
12. Requirements to meet	Roussel, L. A., Thomas, P. L., &
organizational plan for recognition	Harris, J. L. (Eds.). (2023).
(e.g., Malcolm Baldrige Award,	Management and leadership for
centers of excellence, ANCC	<i>nurse administrators</i> (9 th ed.).
Magnet)	Jones & Bartlett Learning.
13. Information technology impacts	
(e.g., EMR, hardware and software	
implications, employee preparation,	
readiness assessment, downtime	
procedures, system integration)	
14. How and when to retrieve and	
use specific data	



Subject Area 3: Financial Management (15%)

Primary General Readings:

- Kaye, A. D., Urman, R. D., & Fox, C. J. III. (Eds.). (2019). *Operating room leadership and management* (2nd ed.). Cambridge University Press. Chapters 8, 9, 16, 17, & 27
- Knighten, M. L. & Waxman, K. T. (Eds.). (2024). *Penner's economics and financial management for nurses and nurse leaders* (4th ed.). Springer Publishing Company. Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, & 13

Knowledge Statements	Tasks	Additional Readings
1. Elements of capital, operating and staffing budgets and processes	 Prepare and/or manage perioperative budgets (e.g., capital, operations, staffing). 	Baker, J. J., Baker, R. W., & Dworkin, N. R. (2018). <i>Health care</i> <i>finance: Basic tools for</i> <i>nonfinancial managers</i> (5th ed.).
2. Indicators to measure fiscal performance (e.g., efficiencies of operation)	 Identify, develop and/or implement cost management strategies. 	Jones & Bartlett Learning. Jones, C. B., Finkler, S. A., Kovner,
3. Variance analysis (e.g., salary, temporary contract, non-salary)	3. Develop, interpret, and/or present perioperative financial reports.	C. T., & Mose, J. N. (2019). Financial management for nurse managers and executives (5th
4. Productivity (e.g., hours worked by staff compared to workload standard)	4. Analyze variances and outcomes to create action plans	ed.). Elsevier Saunders. Nowicki, M. (2022). Introduction to the Financial Management of
5. Cost concepts (e.g., direct, indirect; fixed and variable cost; procedure costing; allocated costs; overhead, depreciation)	5. Collaborate with supply chain management for the perioperative organization (e.g., par levels, order, and inventory process).	Healthcare Organizations (8th ed.). Health Administration Press.
6. Revenue concepts (e.g., return on investment (ROI), cash flow, margins, payor)	6. Participate in the analysis of cost and revenue (e.g., per case margin, return on investment (ROI).	
7. Information/elements used to write a proforma	7. Participate in revenue cycle management.	
8. Inventory management, (e.g., markups, consignment, just in time, group purchasing organization, value analysis and standardization, implants)	8. Collaborate to manage contracts (e.g., vendors, supplies, staffing, inventory, outside services, insurance).	
9. Contracts and legal terms (e.g., standard business language, conflict of interest)	9. Participate in computing cost- benefit ratios and developing proformas (e.g., new technology, new service lines, hybrid ORs).	
10. Techniques for environmental management (e.g., recycling,	10. Implement environmental sustainability initiatives (e.g., go	



reprocessing, repurposing)	green).	
11. Benchmarks, key performance		
indicators (KPI), metric terminology		
and concepts (e.g., start time,		
turnover, block management, OR		
utilization)		
12. Pay for performance (e.g.,		
HCAHPS, value-based purchasing,		
readmissions, infections, serious		
reportable events)		
13. Reimbursement codes (e.g.,		
CPT, ICD)		
14. Service line structure and		
management (e.g., cardiac,		
neurosurgery, gyn, plastic surgery,		
ambulatory surgery)		
15. Current health care bills/laws		
affecting the perioperative financial		
environment (e.g., Medicare		
reimbursement)		
16. Supply chain management		



Subject Area 4: Human Resource Management (12%)

Primary General Readings:

• Kaye, A. D., Urman, R. D., & Fox, C. J. III. (Eds.). (2019). *Operating room leadership and management* (2nd ed.). Cambridge University Press. – Chapter 2

Knowledge Statements	Tasks	Additional Readings
 Concepts of staffing models and how to evaluate the current environment to determine the most appropriate care model (e.g., staff type and ratio, theoretical model) Work scheduling process 	 Identify and continuously assess staffing models (e.g., techs, RNs, first assists). Plan, schedule and assign work 	McConnell, C. R. (2019). Human resources management in health care: Principles and practice (3 rd ed.). Jones & Bartlett Learning. Pynes, J. E., & Lombardi, D. N. (2011). Human resources management for
3. Staff competencies in relation to work scheduling (e.g., acuity of the case, experience, availability, staff licensing privileges)	to staff according to on-going needs, skill set, and scope of practice. 3. Describe and discuss with staff their job responsibilities, priorities, deadlines, and performance expectations.	 health care organizations: A strategic approach. Jossey-Bass. AORN Position Statements: Perioperative Safe Staffing and On-Call Practices Healthy Perioperative Practice Environment
4. Human resources procedures and processes (e.g., writing a job description, hiring; performance evaluation, staff retention, staff incentives including pay and promotion, performance documentation, disciplinary actions including Termination, grievance process)	4. Recruit, hire, orient, and retain perioperative personnel.	 Perioperative Registered Nurse Circulator Dedicated to Every Patient Undergoing an Operative or Other Invasive Procedure APRNs in the Perioperative Environment RN First Assistants Role of the Health Care Industry Representative in Perioperative
5. Awareness of how to operatein a union environment, ifapplicable6. Hiring techniques (e.g.,	 5. Participate in and/or conduct inter- and intradepartmental performance management. 6. Recognize effective 	<u>Settings</u>
interviewing, skills testing, team and culture fit)	performance and demonstrated competence (e.g., reward, recognition, "employee of the month," pay increases, promotion).	
7. Federal, state, and local laws and regulations pertaining to human resources (e.g., FMLA, FSLA, workers comp, ADA)	7. Assign personnel and resources effectively to accomplish a special task or project.	



8. Staff development (e.g., staff	8. Facilitate career counseling
orientation and training	and support continuous
programs, competency,	professional development (CPD),
educational opportunities, post-	lifelong learning and/or career
performance review goals and	advancement.
action plans, adult learning	
theory)	
9. Policies for vendors and	9. Establish and maintain
contracted employees, (e.g.,	appropriate job descriptions,
delivered equipment, product	evaluation tools and/or core
training, credentialing)	competencies.
10. Benefits and compensation	10. Oversee training and/or
(e.g., EAP, grief counseling,	orientation process and
substance abuse counseling, pay	programs tailored to individual
strategies such as pay for	needs assessment (e.g.,
performance, clinical ladders)	residency, job-shadowing, on-
	boarding, cross training).
11. Job requirements (e.g.,	11. Develop a strategic plan for
licensure, certification,	recruitment, retention, and
delineation of privileges)	succession planning.
12. Conflict management and	12. Monitor individual
resolution	certifications/licenses and
	delineation of privileges required,
	and ensure that they are current
	(e.g., CNOR, RN, BLS, ACLS,
	provider credentialing).
13. Employee recognition	13. Facilitate the constructive
strategies	resolution of conflict (e.g.,
	address behavior that
	undermines the culture of safety,
	lateral violence).



Subject Area 5: Operational Management (18%)

Primary General Readings:

• Kaye, A. D., Urman, R. D., & Fox, C. J. III. (Eds.). (2019). *Operating room leadership and management* (2nd ed.). Cambridge University Press. – Chapter 9

Knowledge Statements	Tasks	Additional Readings
1. Risk management and	1. Continuously assess and	Association for the Advancement
interpretation of legalities (e.g.,	maintain safe conditions affecting	of Medical Instrumentation
informed consent, HIPAA, minors,	patient care and the clinical	Standards [AAMI]: <u>AAMI</u> (The
next of kin, durable power of	environment of care (e.g., OR	book should be accessible in your
attorney, emancipated minor)	environmental controls, fall	SPD department.)
	prevention, infection control).	
2. Documentation requirements for	2. Define and integrate	Centers for Medicare and
report submission (e.g., compilation	departmental processes for	Medicaid Services (CMS): <u>CMS</u>
of data, surgical process measures,	emergency management with	
performance improvement, NSQIP,	organizational processes (e.g., fire	Occupational Safety and Health
sentinel events, root cause analysis	drills, natural disasters, surgical	Administration (OSHA): OSHA
[RCA])	fires).	
3. How to extract, interpret, and use	3. Collaborate with Biomedical	AORN Position Statement:
data	Engineering to facilitate	<u>Patient Safety</u>
	equipment maintenance and	
	record keeping, according to	AORN Guidelines (examples
	manufacturer's instructions for use	include but are not limited to the
	(IFUs).	following):
4. Facility policies, procedures, and	4. Coordinate resources to match	Electrosurgical Safety
documentation for patient flow	the OR schedule and patient needs	Environment of Care
(throughput)	(e.g., equipment conflict	Environmental Cleaning
	resolution, stock on hand, charge	Flexible Endoscopes
E. Clinical anvironment of care (o.g.	capture process). 5. Establish and maintain a	Hand Hygiene
5. Clinical environment of care (e.g., temperature, humidity, air flow,		High-level disinfection
HVAC, OSHA, EPA, traffic patterns)	preference card process.	Information Management
nvac, OSHA, EPA, trainc patterns)		Instrument Cleaning
		Laser Safety
		Minimally Invasive Surgery
		Packaging Systems
		Patient Skin Antisepsis
6. Infection prevention (e.g.,	6. Manage perioperative patient	Patient Temperature
knowledge of Infection Control Risk	care across the health care	Management
Assessment (ICRA), disinfection,	continuum (e.g., patient	Radiation Safety
sterilization, hand hygiene, attire,	information, pre-op testing and	Sterilization
isolation, appropriate skin	post-op care).	Surgical Attire
antisepsis, cleaning, occupational		Transmission-based
exposure plan, MDROs)		



		1
7. Central/Sterile Processing guidelines (e.g., AAMI, AORN, etc.) relating to decontamination and sterilization of instruments, immediate use steam sterilization (IUSS), biological and chemical indicators, etc.	7. Aggregate operational data and information, analyze and prepare/submit reports, track trends, evaluate findings and make recommendations and/or improvements (e.g., productivity, cancellation rates, delays, start times, turnover time, OR utilization, block management).	Precautions Related readings in the following perioperative textbooks: • Hornacky, A., & Phillips, N. (2024). Berry and Kohn's operating room technique (15 th ed.). Elsevier.
8. Equipment management (e.g., preventative maintenance, consignment, loaner instrumentation, rental)	8. Maintain compliance with requirements of regulatory, payor and accreditation agencies (e.g., TJC, FDA, OSHA, CMS, DOT, DNV, AAAHC).	 Rothrock, J. C. (Ed.). (2023). Alexander's care of the patient in surgery (17th ed.). Elsevier.
 9. Laser, radiation, magnet, and chemical safety (e.g., ANSI, OSHA, state requirements) 10. Standards, guidelines and recommended practices related to perioperative care and practice (e.g., AORN, ASPAN, SGNA) 11. Environmental emergency response and emergency management plans (e.g., internal and external disasters, emergency power, shut off valves, anesthesia, trace gas) 	 9. Create, maintain, and enforce policies and procedures based on current evidence-based practice. 10. Collaborate with Central/Sterile Processing to ensure departmental and patient needs are met. 11. Conduct risk assessments (e.g., root cause analysis (RCA), failure mode and effects analysis (FMEA), safety surveys) to address and prevent adverse events (e.g., wrong site surgery, malignant hyperthermia). 	 Kenney, C. (2011). Transforming health care: Virginia Mason Medical Center's pursuit of the perfect patient experience. Productivity Press, Taylor & Francis Group. Toussaint, J., & Barnas, K. (2021). Becoming the change: Leadership behavior strategies for continuous improvement in healthcare. McGraw Hill.
12. Inventory management concepts (e.g., expired items, par levels, rotation of stock, process for physical inventory, asset management)		
 13. Preference card management 14. Patient care across the continuum (e.g., flow of patient, needs of the patient, family issues, pre- and post-op planning) 		
15. Federal, state, and local laws pertaining to compliance, accreditation and regulatory standards and requirements		
16. How to write policies/procedures		



Subject Area 6: Leadership (15%)

Primary General Readings:

• Kaye, A. D., Urman, R. D., & Fox, C. J. III. (Eds.). (2019). *Operating room leadership and management* (2nd ed.). Cambridge University Press. – Chapter 1

Knowledge Statements	Tasks	Additional Readings
1. Leadership styles	 Provide direction to staff regarding task completion, including appropriate delegation. 	Huston, C. J. (2024). <i>Leadership roles</i> and management functions in nursing: Theory and application
2. Group dynamics	2. Implement solutions and resolve crises.	(11 th ed.). Wolters Kluwer.
3. Setting and implementing goals and evaluating goal achievements	3. Facilitate change by using motivational techniques/change management processes that generate enthusiasm, commitment and compliance, promote innovation and implement strategic initiatives.	Roussel, L. A., Thomas, P. L., & Harris, J. L. (Eds.). (2023). <i>Management and</i> <i>leadership for nurse administrators</i> (9 th ed.). Jones & Bartlett Learning Vana, P. K., & Tazbir, J. (Eds.).
4. Problem identification and resolution/ crisis management	 Participate in organizational and/or facility level committees. 	(2021). <i>Kelly Vana's Nursing</i> <i>leadership & management</i> (4 th ed.).
5. Appropriate delegation (e.g., what can be delegated; to whom it can be delegated)	5. Perform an on-going environmental scan and utilize outcomes from engagement surveys to continuously improve the culture of the work environment.	Wiley.
6. Organizational structure and chain of command	6. Facilitate productive meetings and ensure adequate dissemination of meeting information.	
7. Motivational techniques	 Participate in projects serving as a leader or subject matter expert. 	
8. Change management process and techniques	8. Facilitate effective mentoring.	
9. Coordination of ancillary support staff and equipment		
10. Components of and resources of professional development (e.g., certification, organization practices and resources)		
11. Advocacy for staff, patients, physicians, union, other departments (e.g., when to intervene)		



12. Elements of an environmental
scan and how to use the
information
13. Meeting facilitation techniques
(e.g., agenda preparation,
redirection, Robert's Rules of Order,
follow-up, minutes, committee
charters)
14. Perioperative research and
evidence-based practice
15. Employee engagement, process,
scores, and action planning
16. How to coach and/or mentor
17. Succession planning tools and
techniques
18. How to identify and develop
preceptors (e.g., skills required)



Subject Area 7: Professionalism (10%)

Primary General Readings:

• AORN. (2017). *AORN's Perioperative explications for the ANA Code of Ethics*. Found at <u>www.aorn.org</u>, (member access only).

Knowledge Statements	Tasks	Additional Readings
1. Application of evidence-based practice	1. Uphold and act upon established ethical and professional standards (e.g., perioperative explications of ANA Code of Ethics).	Huston, C. J. (2024). <i>Leadership</i> roles and management functions in nursing: Theory and application (11 th ed.). Wolters Kluwer.
2. Ethics related to the continuum of care (e.g., AORN Explications for Perioperative Nurses, ASPAN Professional Guidelines, State Nurse Practice Act, ANA Code of Ethics, Code of Conduct, organizational)	2. Conduct an ongoing self- assessment and pursue professional development opportunities.	Yoder-Wise, P. S., & Sportsman, S. (Eds). (2023). <i>Leading and managing in nursing</i> (6 th ed.). Elsevier.
3. Core elements of practice and standards for all disciplines in a perioperative setting (e.g., CST, CRNA, RNFA, CSFT, AA, RN, providers)	3. Maintain active involvement in professional organizations.	
4. Professional organizations associated with the perioperative environment (e.g., CCI, AORN, ASPAN, IAHCSMM, AST)	4. Foster a culture of mutual accountability and shared governance.	
5. Medical volunteerism (e.g., mission trips, health fairs)		
6. Shared governance		
7. Self-assessment		

